



Enabling development teams to move fast

PostgreSQL at Zalando



About us



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About us



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One of Europe's largest online fashion retailers

15 countries

3 fulfillment centers

15 million active customers

1.5 billion € revenue Q1-Q3 2014

640+ million visits in first half-year 2014

Visit us at tech.zalando.com







Some more numbers

200+ deployment units (WARs)

1300+ production tomcat instances

80+ database master instances

90+ different database schemas

300+ developers and 200+ QA and PM

10 database engineers



Even more numbers



- > 4.0 TB of PostgreSQL data
- Biggest instances (not counted before)
 - eventlogdb (3TB)
 - 20 GB per week
 - riskmgmtdb (5TB)
 - 12 GB per day

Biggest challenges



- Constantly growing
- Fast development cycles
- No downtimes are tolerated

Agenda

How we



- access data
- change data models without downtimes
- shard without limits
- monitor

Agenda

How we



- **access data**
- change data models without downtimes
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- monitor

Accessing data



- customer
 - bank account
 - order -> bank account
 - order position
 - return order -> order
 - return position -> order position
 - financial document
 - financial transaction -> order

Accessing data



NoSQL

- ▶ map your object hierarchy to a document
- ▶ (de-)serialization is easy
- ▶ transactions are not needed



Accessing data

NoSQL

- ▶ map your object hierarchy to a document
 - ▶ (de-)serialization is easy
 - ▶ transactions are not needed
-
- ▷ No SQL
 - ▷ implicit schemas are tricky

Accessing data



ORM

- ▶ is well known to developers
- ▶ CRUD operations are easy
- ▶ all business logic inside your application
- ▶ developers are in their comfort zone



Accessing data

ORM

- ▶ is well known to developers
- ▶ CRUD operations are easy
- ▶ all business logic inside your application
- ▶ developers are in their comfort zone
- ▷ error prone transaction management
- ▷ you have to reflect your tables in your code
- ▷ all business logic inside your application
- ▷ schema changes are not easy

Accessing data



Are there alternatives to ORM?

Stored Procedures

- ▶ return/receive entity aggregates
- ▶ clear transaction scope
- ▶ more data consistency checks
- ▶ independent from underlying data schema



Java Application

JDBC



Database Tables





Java Application

JDBC

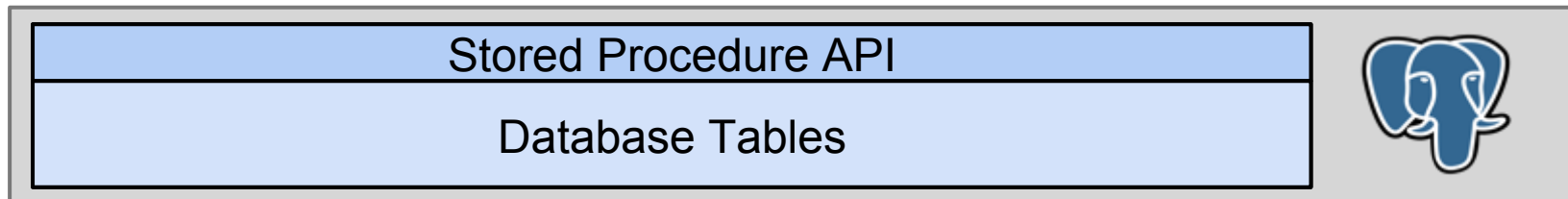
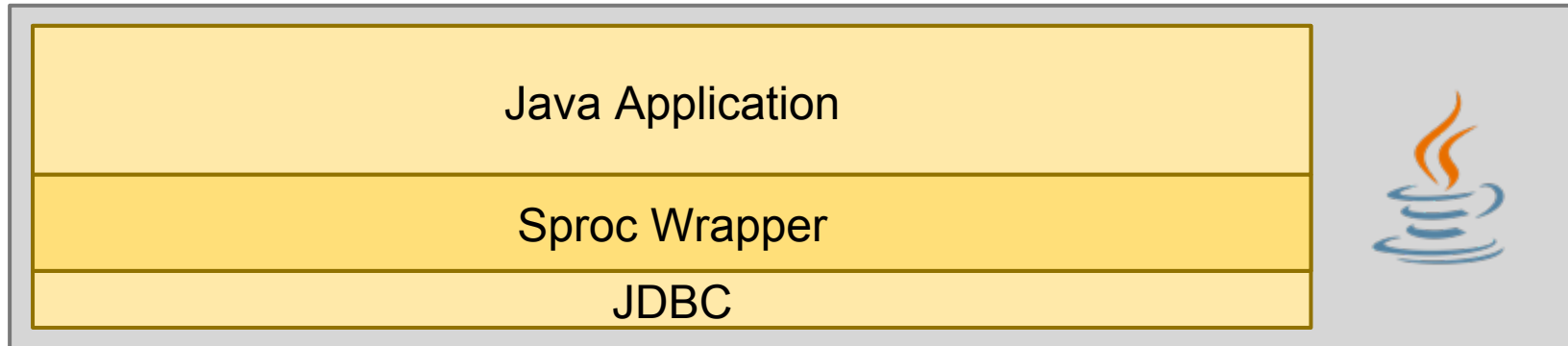


Stored Procedure API

Database Tables



Java Sproc Wrapper



Java Sproc Wrapper



SQL

```
CREATE FUNCTION register_customer(p_email text,  
                                p_gender z_data.gender)  
    RETURNS int  
AS $$  
    INSERT INTO z_data.customer (c_email, c_gender)  
        VALUES (p_email, p_gender)  
    RETURNING c_id  
$$ LANGUAGE 'sql' SECURITY DEFINER;
```

Java Sproc Wrapper



JAVA

```
@SProcService
public interface CustomerSProcService {
    @SProcCall
    int registerCustomer(@SProcParam String email,
                        @SProcParam Gender gender);
}
```

SQL

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CREATE FUNCTION register_customer(p_email text,
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$$ LANGUAGE 'sql' SECURITY DEFINER;
```

Java Sproc Wrapper



@SprocCall

```
List<Order> findOrders(@SprocParam String email);
```

JAVA

```
CREATE FUNCTION find_orders(p_email text,  
                           OUT order_id int,  
                           OUT order_created timestampz,  
                           OUT shipping_address order_address)  
    RETURNS SETOF record  
AS $$  
    SELECT o_id, o_created, ROW(oa_street, oa_city, oa_country)::order_address  
    FROM z_data."order"  
    JOIN z_data.order_address ON oa_order_id = o_id  
    JOIN z_data.customer ON c_id = o_customer_id  
    WHERE c_email = p_email  
$$ LANGUAGE 'sql' SECURITY DEFINER;
```

SQL

Java Sproc Wrapper



```
@SProcCall  
List<Order> findOrders(@SProcParam String email);
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JAVA

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  FROM z_data."order"  
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  WHERE c_email = p_email  
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```

SQL

Stored Procedures for developers



- ▷ CRUD operations need too much code
- ▷ Developers have to learn SQL
- ▷ Developers can write bad SQL
- ▷ Code reviews are needed

Stored Procedures for developers



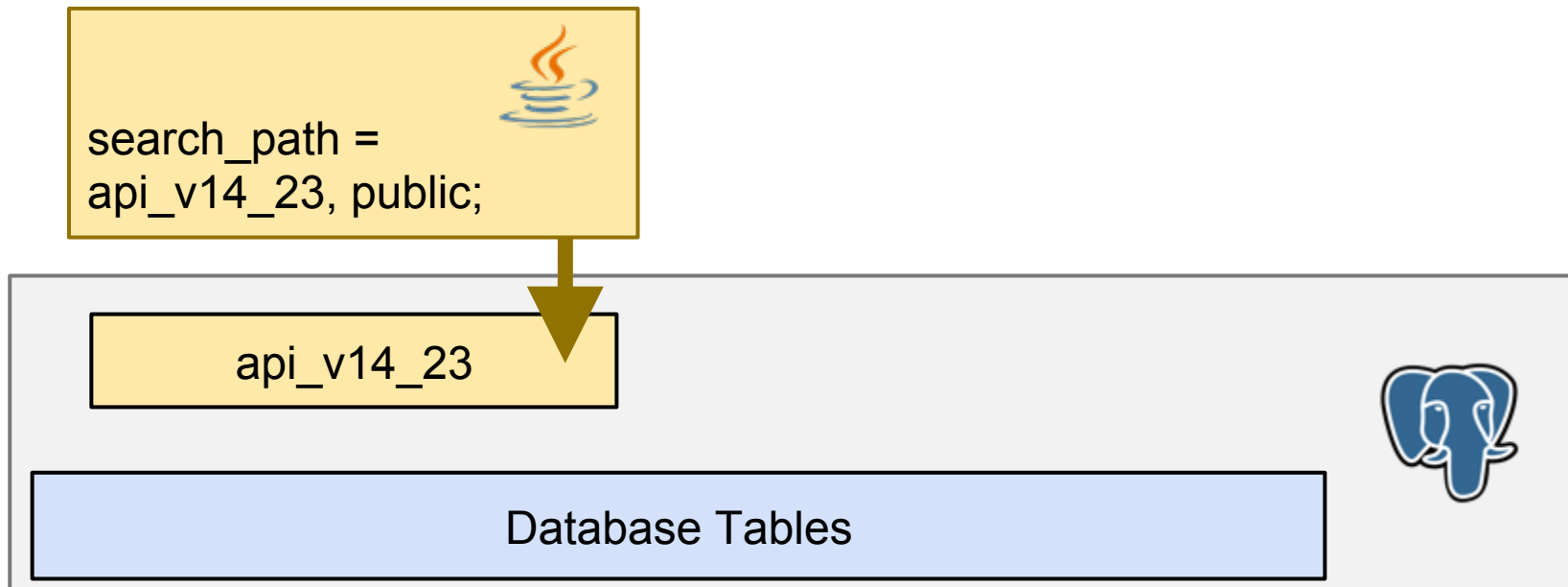
- ▷ CRUD operations need too much code
- ▷ Developers have to learn SQL
- ▷ Developers can write bad SQL
- ▷ Code reviews are needed
- ▶ Use-case driven
- ▶ Developers have to learn SQL
- ▶ Developers learn how to write good SQL

Horror story

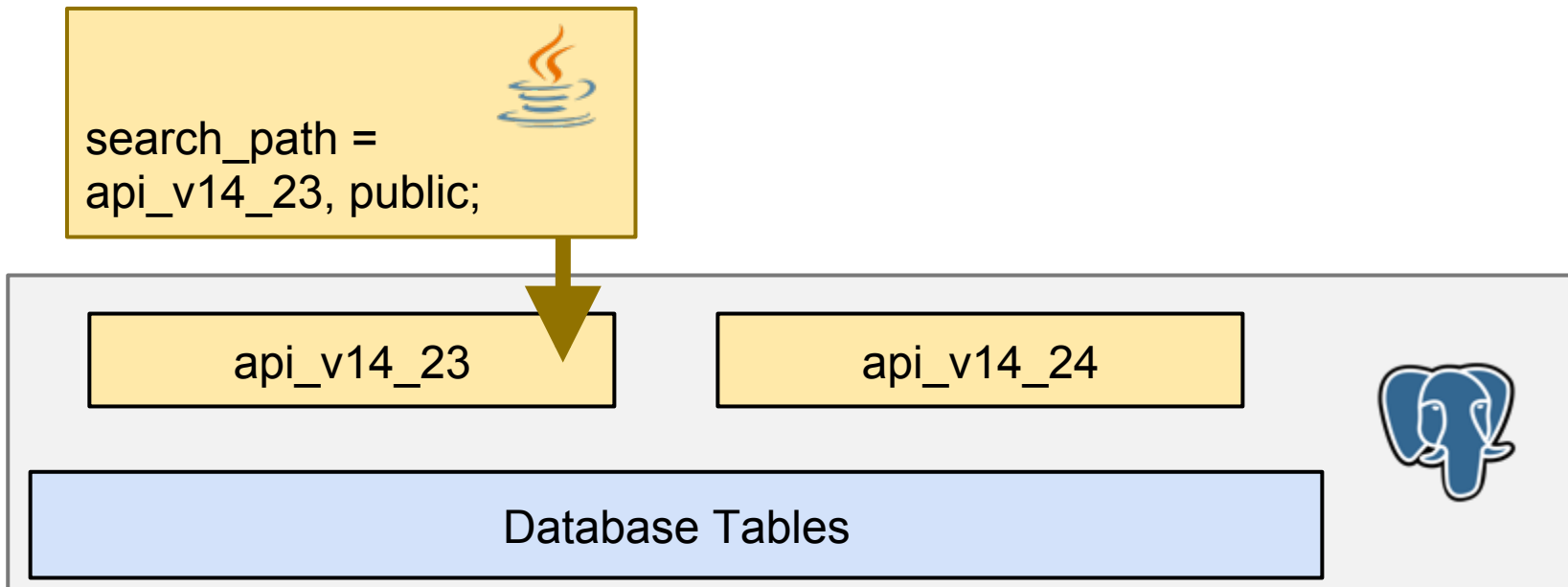


- ▷ Never map your data manually
- ▷ Educate developers
- ▷ Educate yourself

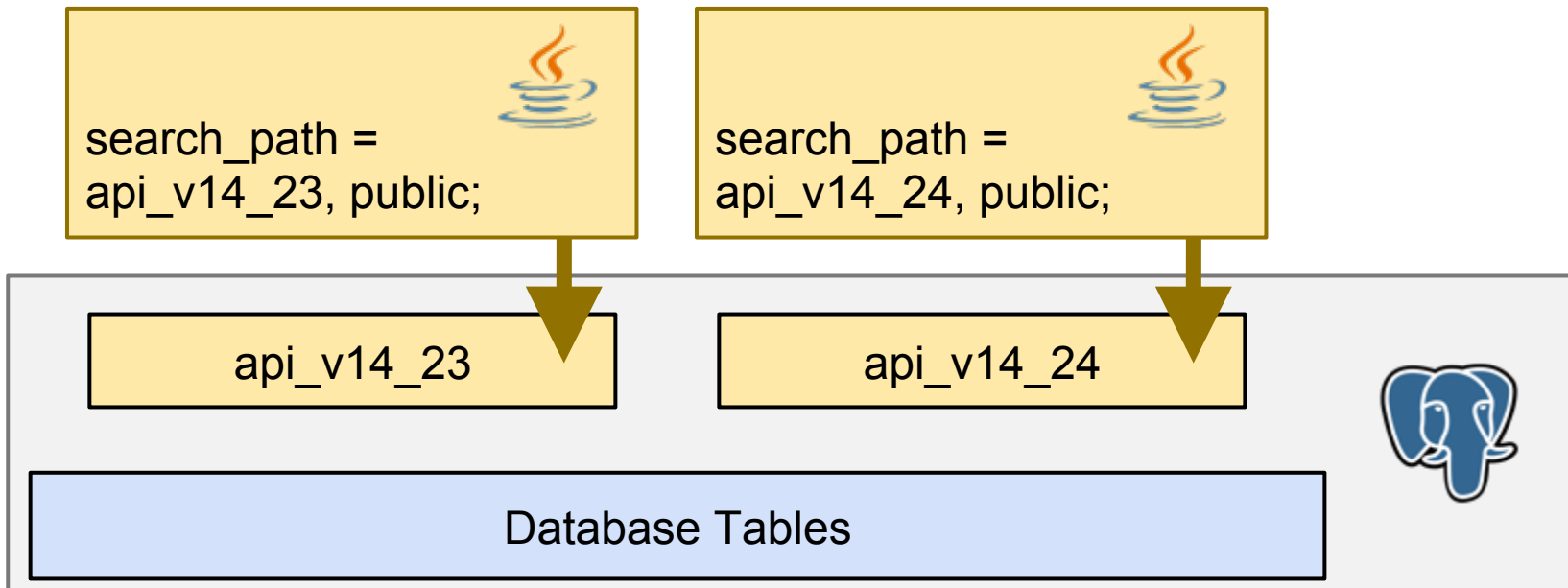
Stored Procedure API versioning



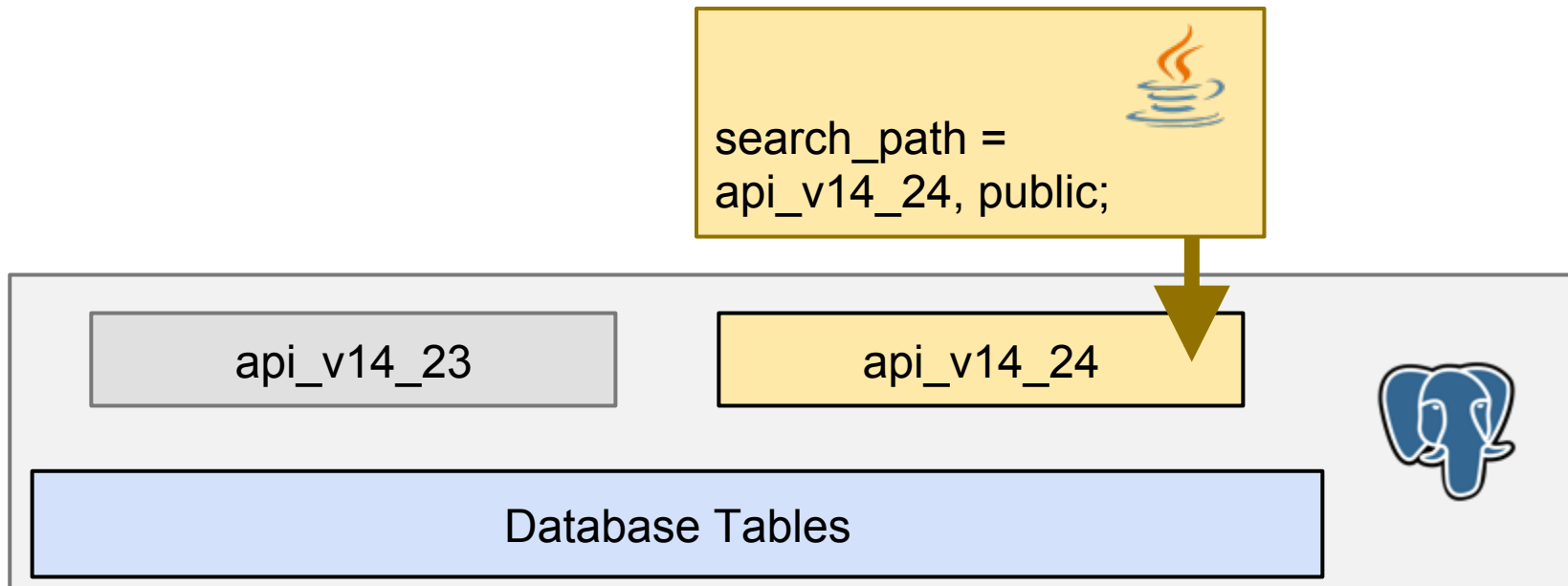
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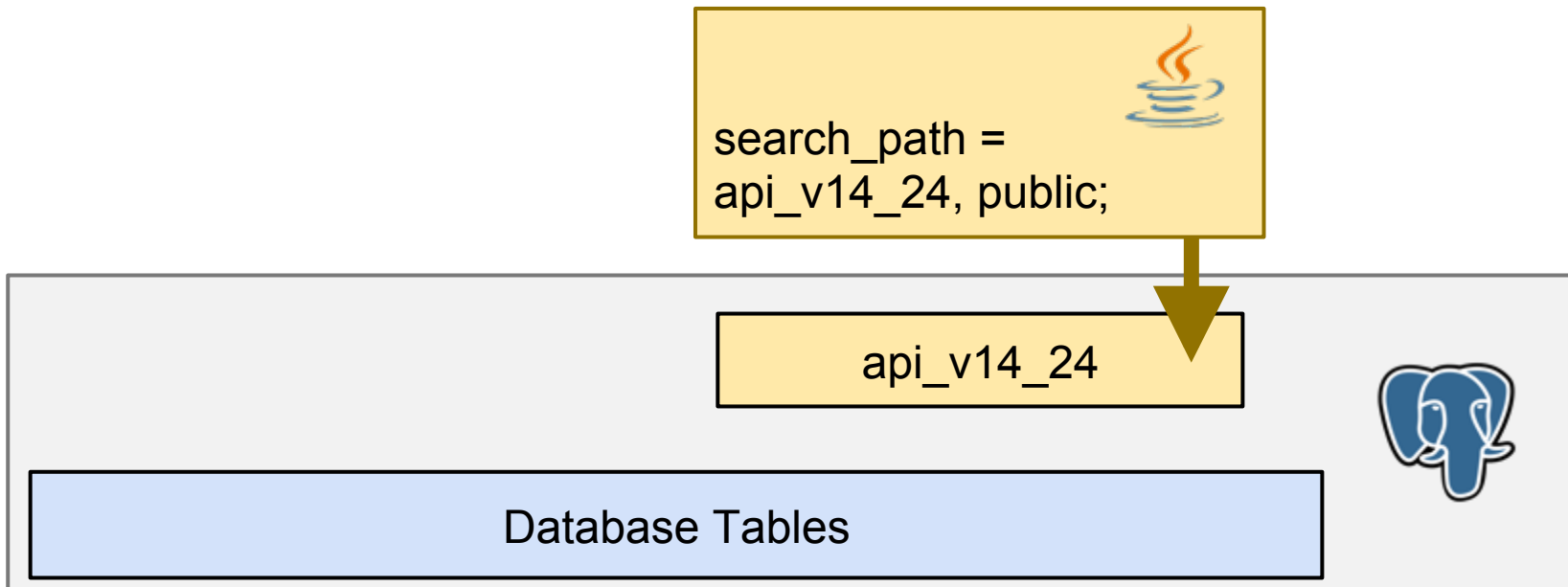
Stored Procedure API versioning



Stored Procedure API versioning



Stored Procedure API versioning



Stored Procedure **API versioning**



- ▶ Tests are done to the whole API version
- ▶ No API migrations needed
- ▶ Deployments are fully automated

Agenda

How we



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- **change data models without downtimes**
- shard without limits
- monitor

Easy schema changes



PostgreSQL

- ▶ Schema changes with minimal locks with:
 - ADD/RENAME/DROP COLUMN
 - ADD/DROP DEFAULT VALUE
- ▶ CREATE/DROP INDEX CONCURRENTLY
- ▷ Constraints are still difficult to ALTER
(will be much better in PostgreSQL 9.4)

Easy schema changes



Stored Procedure API layer

- ▶ Can fill missing data on the fly
- ▶ Helps to change data structure without application noticing it

Easy schema changes



- Read and write to *old* structure
- Write to both structures, *old* and *new*.
Try to read from *new*, fallback to *old*
- Migrate data
- Read from new, write to *old* and *new*

Easy schema changes



Schema changes using SQL script files

- SQL scripts written by developers (DBDIFFs)
- registering DBDIFFs with Versioning
- should be reviewed by DB guys
- DB guys are rolling DB changes on the live system

Easy schema changes



DBDIFF SQL

```
BEGIN;  
  SELECT _v.register_patch('ZEOS-5430.order');  
  
  CREATE TABLE z_data.order_address (  
    oa_id int SERIAL,  
    oa_country z_data.country,  
    oa_city varchar(64),  
    oa_street varchar(128), ...  
  );  
  
  ALTER TABLE z_data."order" ADD o_shipping_address_id int  
    REFERENCES z_data.order_address (oa_id);  
COMMIT;
```

Easy schema changes



DBDIFF SQL

```
BEGIN;  
  SELECT _v.register_patch('ZEOS-5430.order');  
  
  \i order/database/order/10_tables/10_order_address.sql  
  
  ALTER TABLE z_data."order" ADD o_shipping_address_id int  
    REFERENCES z_data.order_address (oa_id);  
  
COMMIT;
```

Easy schema changes



DBDIFF SQL

```
BEGIN;  
  SELECT _v.register_patch('ZEOS-5430.order');  
  
  \i order/database/order/10_tables/10_order_address.sql  
  
  SET statement_timeout TO '3s';  
  
  ALTER TABLE z_data."order" ADD o_shipping_address_id int  
    REFERENCES z_data.order_address (oa_id);  
  
COMMIT;
```

Easy schema changes



Overview of R13_00_44

Warning! 11 patch names exists in multiple files!

Project	Database	Diff	Reviewed	Integration	Release	Patch	LIVE
backend - 18/19							
de.zalando.admin/admin-backend	admin	ZEOS-24617.admin	A S	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1
de.zalando/bm	bm	ORDER-453.bm	S A	0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1
de.zalando/config-service	config	ZEOS-21566.data	A A S	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1
		ZEOS-24840.data	S A	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1
		ZEOS-25486.data	A	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1

Easy schema changes



purchasing - 6/10

de.zalando/purchasing-backend

purchase

ZEOS-19134.1.purchase

A

0 / 1

0 / 1

0 / 1

0 / 1

ZEOS-23911.purchase

A S

0 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

ZEOS-24134.purchase

S A

1 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

ZEOS-24484.purchase

A S

0 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

ZEOS-24597.purchase

A S

1 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

ZEOS-25078.purchase

S A

0 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

ZEOS-25272.purchase

1 / 1

0 / 1

0 / 1

0 / 1

ZEOS-25425.purchase

0 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

1 / 1

ZEOS-25428.purchase.data

1 / 1

1 / 1

0 / 1

0 / 1

ZEOS-25521.purchase.data

0 / 1

0 / 1

0 / 1

0 / 1

shared - 1/1

de.zalando/zalando-db-commons

commons

ORDER-405.db-commons

S A

16 / 58

20 / 57

19 / 57

17 / 59

Easy schema changes



**No downtime due to migrations or
deployment since we use PostgreSQL**

Easy schema changes



**One downtime due to migrations or
deployment since we use PostgreSQL**

Horror story



- ▷ Invest in staging environments
- ▷ Do not become a bottleneck for developers
- ▷ Educate developers
- ▷ Educate yourself

Agenda

How we



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- change data models without downtimes
- **shard without limits**
- monitor

One big database



- ▶ Joins between any entities
- ▶ Perfect for BI
- ▶ Simple access strategy
- ▶ Less machines to manage

One big database



- ▷ Data does not fit into memory
- ▷ OLTP becomes slower
- ▷ Longer data migration times
- ▷ Database maintenance tasks take longer





Sharded database



- ▶ Data fits into memory
- ▶ IO bottleneck wider
- ▶ OLTP is fast again
- ▶ Data migrations are faster
- ▶ Database maintenance tasks are faster

Sharded database



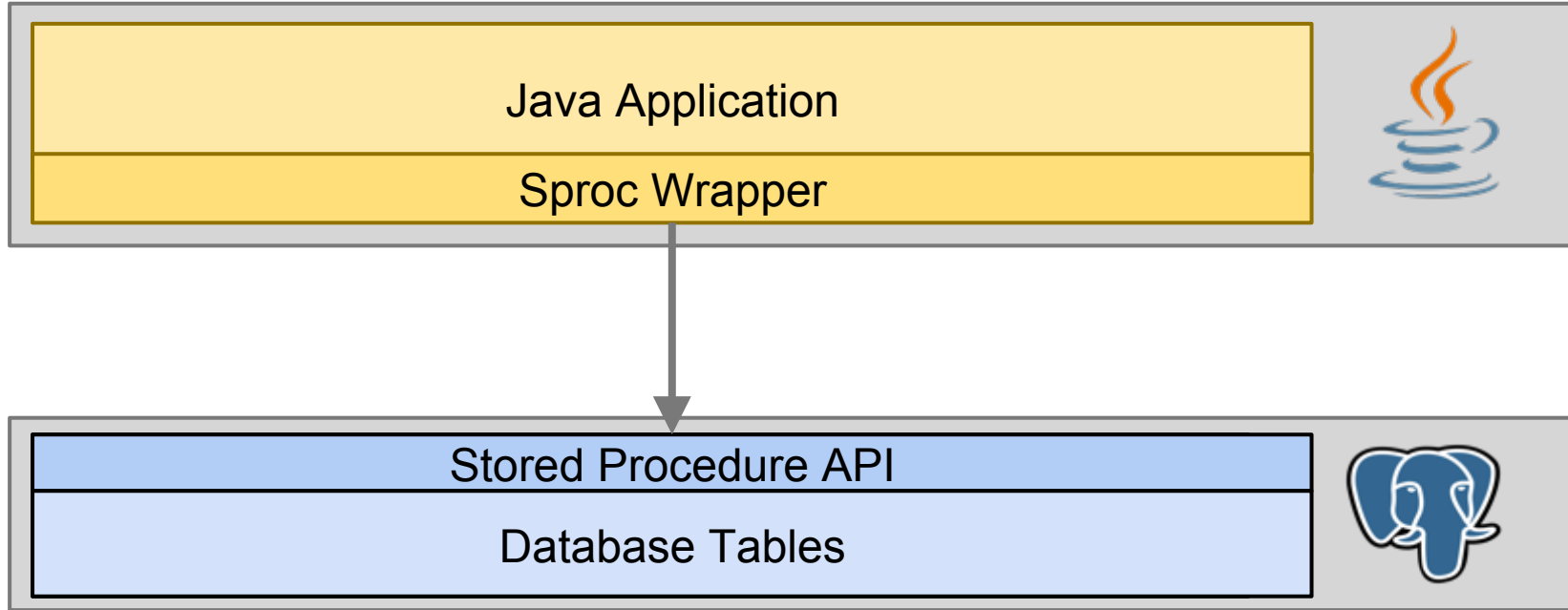
- ▷ Joins only between entities aggregates
- ▷ BI need more tooling
- ▷ Accessing data needs more tooling
- ▷ Managing more servers needs more tooling

Sharded database

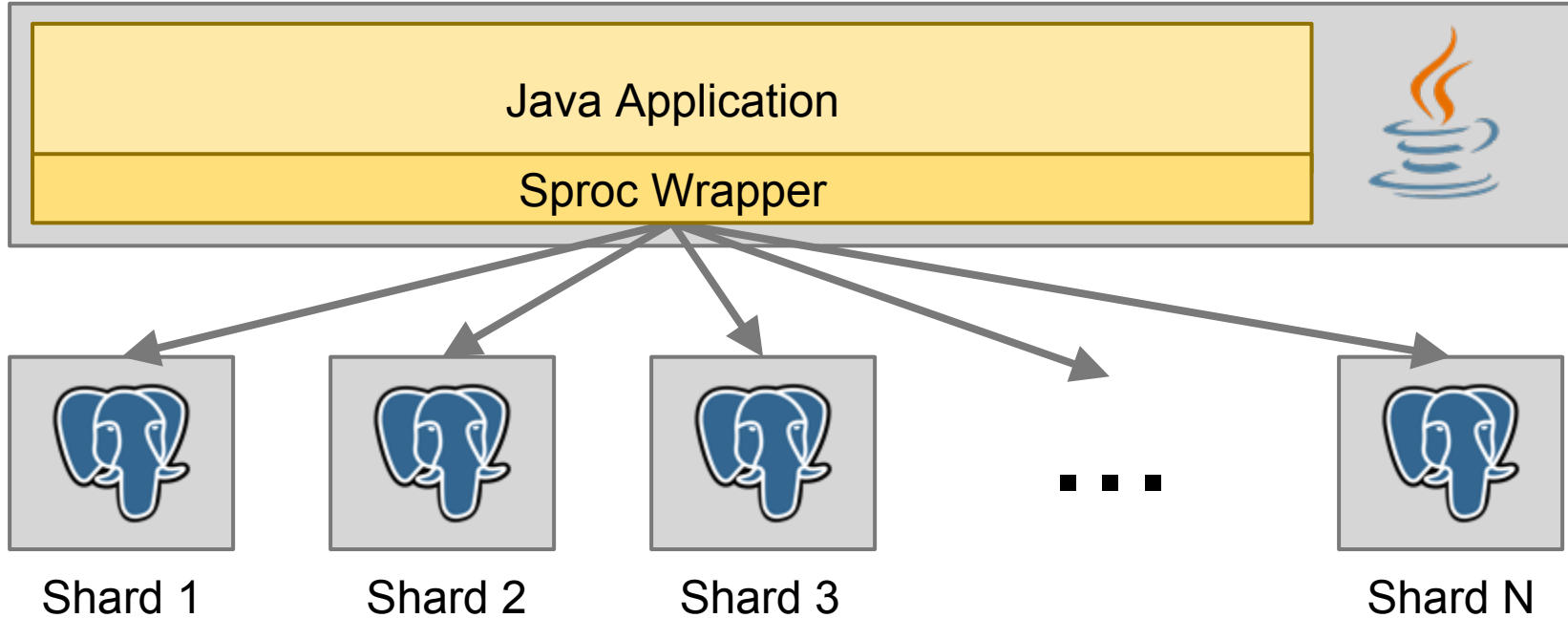


▷ Need more tooling

Sharding without limits



Sharding without limits



Sharding with Java Sproc Wrapper



JAVA

```
@SprocCall
int registerCustomer(@SprocParam @ShardKey CustomerNumber customerNumber,
                    @SprocParam String email,
                    @SprocParam Gender gender);
```

JAVA

```
@SprocCall
Article getArticle(@SprocParam @ShardKey Sku sku);
```

JAVA

```
@SprocCall(runOnAllShards = true, parallel = true)
List<Order> findOrders(@SprocParam String email);
```



Entity lookup strategies

- search on all shards (in parallel)
- hash lookups
- unique *shard aware* ID
 - Virtual Shard IDs (pre-sharding)

Agenda

How we



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- **monitor**

Monitoring



pg_view



```
postgres@z-integrationdb: ~134x29
z-integrationdb up 117 days, 10:08:47 32 cores Linux 3.2.0-48-generic load average 0.73 0.63 0.51 22:10:13
sys: utime 1.7 stime 0.3 idle 98.0 iowait 0.0 ctxt 2500 run 3 block 0
mem: total 251.9GB free 34.0GB buffers 1.6GB cached 196.4GB dirty 10.0MB limit 127.8GB as 33.6GB left 94.2GB
integration93 9.3 database connections: 8 of 800 allocated, 2 active
type dev          fill total left read write await path_size path
data mapper/vg01-data1 0.0 2.2TB 1.3TB 37.1MB /data/postgres/pgsql_integration93/9.3/data
xlog sda9          0.0 119.0GB 88.5GB 0.0 0.3 0.0 64.0MB /data/postgres/pgsql_integration93/9.3/data/pg_xlog/
pid type  s utime stime guest read write age db user query
4595 backend S 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 01:37 integr..ory_db vgogichashvili idle in transaction
5019 backend S 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 01:02 integr..ory_db vgogichashvili select 'Cool tool' from pg_sleep(19000);

s: System processes f: Freeze output u: Measurement units a: Autohide fields t: No trim r: Realtime h: Help v.1.1.0
```



Monitoring

- Nagios/Icinga was replaced by ZMON2
- Dedicated 24x7 monitoring team
- Custom monitoring infrastructure ZMON2

PGObserver



perftables/

Possible Table access/growth issues report

Hostname:

Timeframe:

Host	Schema	Table	Date	Scan change %	Scans1	Scans2	Size1	Size2
bm.db.zalando	zbm_data	sales_rule_set	2013-10-28	84.21 (50)	38	70	2022 MB	2022 MB

perfindexes/

Possible Index issues report

Hostname:

Invalid indexes (in total size of 0 bytes)

Hostname	Table name	Index name	Index size	% of table's indexes	Table size
catalog1.db.zalando	zcat_data.article_config	zcat_data.article_config_c1_c2_null_null_uidx	0 bytes	0.0% of 87 MB	42 MB

Duplicate indexes

Hostname	Table name	Table size	Index definition	Count
catalog1.db.zalando	zcat_data.article_simple	171 MB	CREATE INDEX X ON zcat_data.article_simple USING btree (as_simple_sku_id)	2
catalog1.db.zalando	zcat_data.article_config	130 MB	CREATE INDEX X ON zcat_data.article_config USING btree (ac_config_sku_id)	2
catalog1.db.zalando	zcat_data.article_model	47 MB	CREATE INDEX X ON zcat_data.article_model USING btree (am_model_sku_id)	2
catalog1.db.zalando	zcat_commons.size	12 MB	CREATE INDEX X ON zcat_commons.size USING btree (s_size_chart_code, s_code)	2
catalog1.db.zalando	zcat_commons.price_level	96 kB	CREATE INDEX X ON zcat_commons.price_level USING btree (pl_level)	2

Unused indexes

Hostname	Table name	Index name	Scans	Index size	% of table's indexes	Table size
----------	------------	------------	-------	------------	----------------------	------------

PGObserver



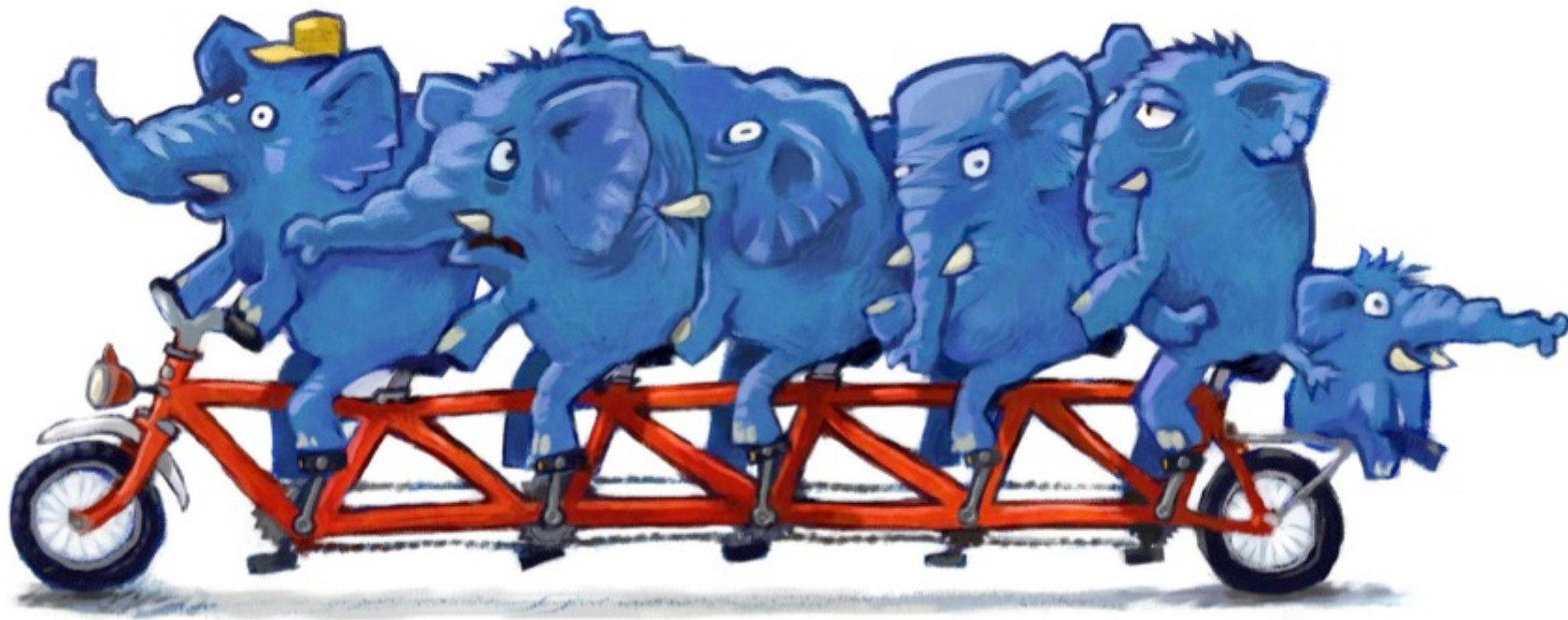
Links

SProcWrapper – Java library for stored procedure access
github.com/zalando/java-sproc-wrapper

PGObserver – monitoring web tool for PostgreSQL
github.com/zalando/PGObserver

pg_view – top-like command line activity monitor
github.com/zalando/pg_view





Thank you!